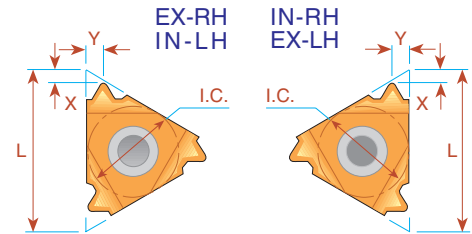
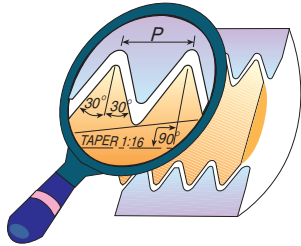


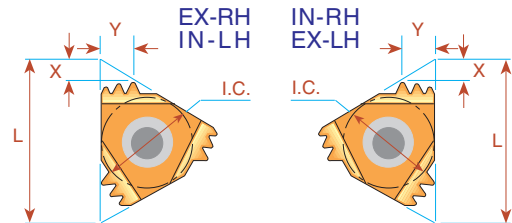
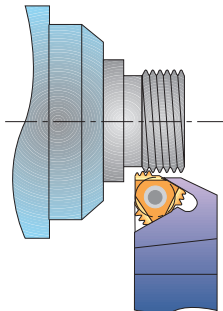
OIL Threads API Round



Pitch TPI	L	I.C. in	Taper IPF	EXTERNAL Ordering Code	INTERNAL Ordering Code	X	Y
10	16	3/8	0.75	16 ER 10 API RD	16 IR 10 API RD	1.5	1.4
8	16	3/8	0.75	16 ER 8 API RD	16 IR 8 API RD	1.3	1.6

Order example: 16 ER 10 API RD BMA

Multitooth



Pitch TPI	L	I.C. in	Number of Teeth	EXTERNAL Ordering Code	Anvil	INTERNAL Ordering Code	Anvil	X	Y
10	22	1/2	2	22 ER 10API RD 2M	AE22M	22 IR 10API RD 2M	AI22M	2.4	3.7
10	27	5/8	3	27 ER 10API RD 3M	AE27M	27 IR 10API RD 3M	AI27M	3.8	6.2
8	27	5/8	2	27 ER 8 API RD 2M	AE27M	27 IR 8 API RD 2M	AI27M	3.0	4.5

Order example: 27 IR 10 API RD 3M MXC

For recommended number of passes see page 45

Carbide Grade Selection

Choose the C.P.T. grade specifically formulated for your application from the following list:

Uncoated Grades

P30*
(P20-P30) Carbide grade for carbon and cast steels, works well at medium to low cutting speeds.

K20*
(K10-K30) Carbide grade for non ferrous metals, aluminum and cast iron.

Coated Grades

P25C
(P15-P35) PVD TiN coated grade for treated and hard alloy steels (25 HRC & up) at medium to low cutting speeds.

MXC
(K10-K20)
(P10-P25) PVD TiN coated micrograin for free cutting untreated alloy steels (below 30 HRC), for stainless steels and cast iron.

BMA
(P20-P40)
(K20-K30) PVD TiAlN coated sub-micrograin grade for stainless steels and exotic materials at medium to high cutting speeds.

BXC**
(P30-P50)
(K25-K40) PVD TiN coated grade for low cutting speed. Works well with wide range of stainless steels.

Note: Due to our unique and specialized production techniques, C.P.T. coated inserts provide superior cutting performance and exceptionally long tool life.

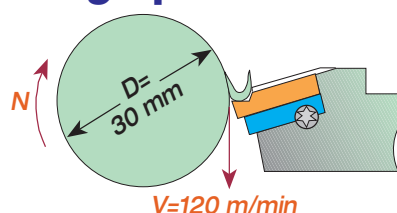
Recommended cutting speed (m/min) for thread turning inserts

ISO Standard	Materials	Coated				Uncoated	
		P25C*	MXC	BMA	BXC**	P30*	K20*
P	Steel: Low & Medium Carbon Steels	80-160	90-160	100-180	20-100	70-120	
	High Carbon Steels	80-120	80-150	90-160	30-80	60-100	
	Alloy Steels, Treated Steels	50-100	80-120	90-120	40-90	50-80	
	Cast Steel	80-140	100-140	120-160	30-80	50-100	
M	Stainless steel: Cast steels Stainless austenitic and austenitic ferritic steel and cast steel		70-120	90-130	30-90	70-100	80-100
K	Cast iron: Grey cast iron, cast iron with spherical graphite, malleable cast iron		80-130	80-150	30-90		60-100
N	Nonferrous Metal: Aluminium and other nonferrous metals, copper alloys non metallic		300-600		20-200		120-200
S	Super-alloys and Titanium: Heat resistant special alloys based on iron, nickel and cobalt, titanium and titanium alloys		40-80	50-100	15-30		
H	Hard Materials: Hardened steel, hardened cast iron materials, chilled cast iron		20-40	30-50	15-30		

- Upon request
- For miniature and ultra miniature insert

Conversion of Cutting Speed to Rotational Speed

Conversion of a selected cutting speed to rotational speed is calculated by the following formula:



Example

$$N = \frac{V \times 1000}{\pi \times D} = \frac{120 \times 1000}{3.14 \times 30} = 1274 \text{ RPM}$$

Number of passes and depth of cut per pass for multitooth inserts

	Pitch mm	Insert Size		No. of Teeth	Ordering Code	No. of Passes	Depth of Cut per Pass			
		L	I.C. (in)				1	2	3	4
ISO External	1.00	16	3/8	3	16 ER 1.0 ISO 3M	2	0.38	0.25		
	1.50	16	3/8	2	16 ER 1.5 ISO 2M	3	0.42	0.30	0.20	
	1.50	22	1/2	3	22 ER 1.5 ISO 3M	2	0.55	0.37		
	2.00	22	1/2	2	22 ER 2.0 ISO 2M	3	0.57	0.40	0.28	
	2.00	22	1/2	3	22 ER 2.0 ISO 3M	2	0.76	0.49		
	3.00	27	5/8	2	27 ER 3.0 ISO 2M	4	0.59	0.51	0.42	0.32
ISO Internal	1.00	16	3/8	3	16 IR 1.0 ISO 3M	2	0.33	0.25		
	1.50	16	3/8	2	16 IR 1.5 ISO 2M	3	0.38	0.29	0.20	
	1.50	22	1/2	3	22 IR 1.5 ISO 3M	2	0.50	0.37		
	2.00	22	1/2	2	22 IR 2.0 ISO 2M	3	0.52	0.37	0.26	
	2.00	22	1/2	3	22 IR 2.0 ISO 3M	2	0.70	0.45		
	3.00	27	5/8	2	27 IR 3.0 ISO 2M	4	0.58	0.46	0.39	0.30

	Pitch TPI	Insert Size		No. of Teeth	Ordering Code	No. of Passes	Depth of Cut per Pass			
		L	I.C. (in)				1	2	3	4
UN External	16	16	3/8	2	16 ER 16 UN 2M	3	0.44	0.31	0.22	
	16	22	1/2	3	22 ER 16 UN 3M	2	0.58	0.39		
	12	22	1/2	2	22 ER 12 UN 2M	3	0.59	0.42	0.30	
	12	22	1/2	3	22 ER 12 UN 3M	2	0.78	0.52		
	8	27	5/8	2	27 ER 8 UN 2M	4	0.62	0.54	0.45	0.35
UN Internal	16	16	3/8	2	16 IR 16 UN 2M	3	0.42	0.28	0.22	
	16	22	1/2	3	22 IR 16 UN 3M	2	0.55	0.37		
	12	22	1/2	2	22 IR 12 UN 2M	3	0.53	0.38	0.31	
	12	22	1/2	3	22 IR 12 UN 3M	2	0.74	0.48		
	8	27	5/8	2	27 IR 8 UN 2M	4	0.63	0.50	0.40	0.30
Whitworth 55° External	14	16	3/8	2	16 ER 14 W 2M	3	0.52	0.37	0.27	
	14	22	1/2	3	22 ER 14 W 3M	2	0.70	0.46		
	11	22	1/2	2	22 ER 11 W 2M	3	0.67	0.47	0.34	
Whitworth 55° Internal	14	16	3/8	2	16 IR 14 W 2M	3	0.52	0.37	0.27	
	14	22	1/2	3	22 IR 14 W 3M	2	0.70	0.46		
	11	22	1/2	2	22 IR 11 W 2M	3	0.67	0.47	0.34	
NPT External	11.5	16	3/8	2	16 ER 11.5 NPT 2M	4	0.54	0.47	0.37	0.30
	11.5	22	1/2	3	22 ER 11.5 NPT 3M	3	0.76	0.54	0.38	
	8	22	1/2	2	22 ER 8 NPT 2M	4	0.81	0.60	0.55	0.45
NPT Internal	11.5	16	3/8	2	16 IR 11.5 NPT 2M	4	0.54	0.47	0.37	0.30
	11.5	22	1/2	3	22 IR 11.5 NPT 3M	3	0.76	0.54	0.38	
	8	22	1/2	2	22 IR 8 NPT 2M	4	0.81	0.60	0.55	0.45
API Round External	10	22	1/2	2	22 ER 10 APIRD 2M	3	0.60	0.50	0.31	
	10	27	5/8	3	27 ER 10 APIRD 3M	2	1.00	0.41		
	8	27	5/8	2	27 ER 8 APIRD 2M	3	0.80	0.60	0.41	
API Round Internal	10	22	1/2	2	22 IR 10 APIRD 2M	3	0.60	0.50	0.31	
	10	27	5/8	3	27 IR 10 APIRD 3M	2	1.00	0.41		
	8	27	5/8	2	27 IR 8 APIRD 2M	3	0.80	0.60	0.41	

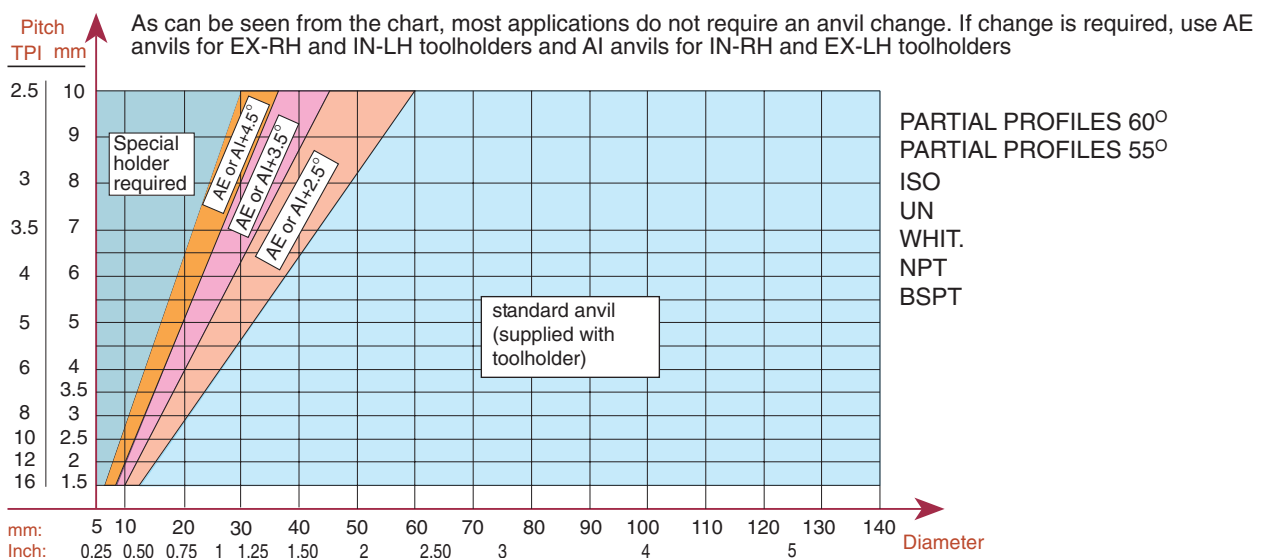
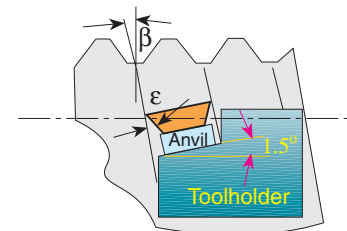
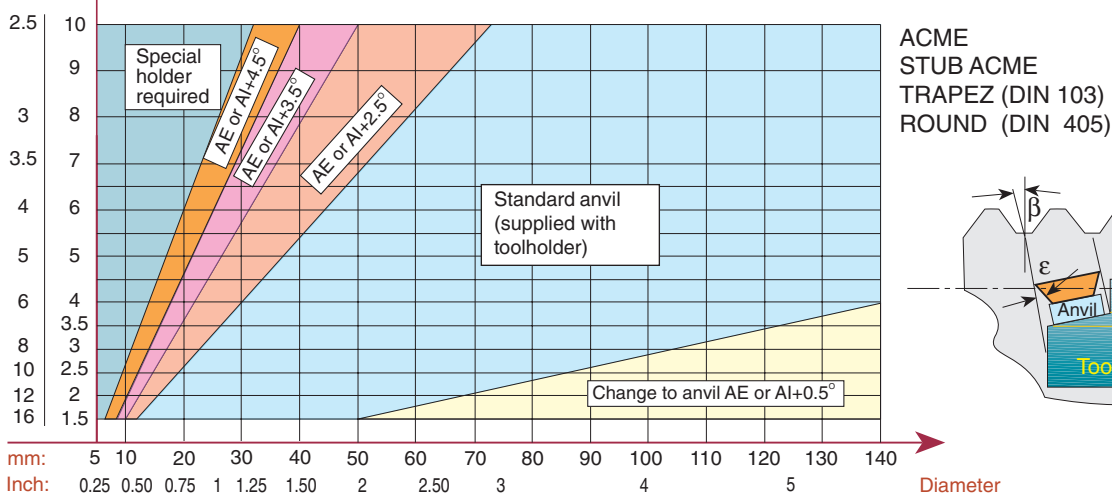
Number of threading passes selection for single point inserts

Pitch:	mm TPI	0.5 48	0.8 32	1.0 24	1.25 20	1.5 16	1.75 14	2.0 12	2.5 10	3.0 8	4.0 6	6.0 4
Number of Passes		3-6	4-7	4-9	6-10	5-11	9-12	6-13	7-15	8-17	10-20	11-22

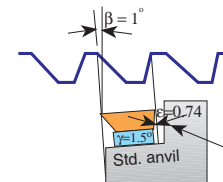
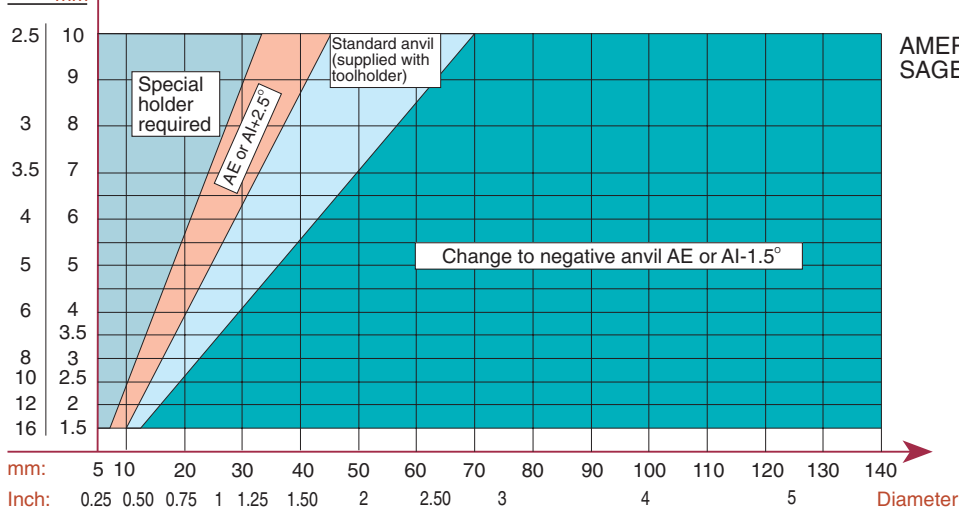
- NOTES:**
1. For most standard applications the middle of the range is a good starting point.
 2. For most materials, the tougher the material, the higher the number of cutting passes you should select.
 3. As a general rule of thumb, less passes are better than more speed.

Anvil Change Recommendation

As can be seen from the chart, some Pitch to Diameter combinations require an anvil change. If change is required, use AE anvils for EX-RH and IN-LH toolholders and AI anvils for IN-RH and EX-LH toolholders.

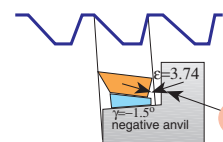


As can be seen from the chart, most applications require an anvil change. In most cases a negative anvil is required. use AE anvils for EX-RH



Before Anvil change

Replacing the standard anvil with an anvil with negative angle, will eliminate side rubbing



After Anvil Change